

Answers for grade 12 platinum geography Updated Version

answers for grade 12 platinum geography are essential resources for students aiming to excel in their geography studies. These answers not only help clarify complex concepts but also serve as a guide to understanding key topics covered in the curriculum. Whether you're preparing for exams, completing assignments, or seeking to deepen your knowledge, comprehensive and well-structured answers can make a significant difference. In this article, we will explore various aspects of grade 12 platinum geography, including core topics, exam strategies, and tips for effective studying, ensuring you have all the information you need to succeed.

Understanding the Grade 12 Platinum Geography Syllabus

The grade 12 platinum geography curriculum typically covers a wide range of topics designed to provide students with a thorough understanding of physical and human geography. The syllabus aims to develop analytical skills, geographical thinking, and an appreciation of the environment and human societies.

Core Topics Covered

Some of the main themes include:

- Physical Geography: Landforms, climate systems, ecosystems, and natural hazards.
- Human Geography: Population dynamics, urbanization, economic activities, and resource management.
- Environmental Geography: Conservation, sustainability, and human impacts on the environment.
- Geographical Skills: Map reading, data interpretation, spatial analysis, and fieldwork techniques.

Common Questions and Their Answers

To excel in grade 12 platinum geography, students need to master both theoretical knowledge and practical application. Below are some common questions along with detailed answers to help clarify key concepts.

1. What are the main landforms created by fluvial processes?

Answer:

Fluvial processes involve the movement of water in rivers and streams, leading to the formation of various landforms. The main landforms include:

- **V-shaped valleys:** Carved by river erosion during the youthful stage of the river, characterized by steep sides and a narrow floor.
- **Floodplains:** Flat areas adjacent to rivers that are periodically flooded, formed by deposition of sediments during floods.
- **Meanders:** Curved river bends formed through lateral erosion and deposition, especially in the middle course.
- **Oxbow lakes:** Crescent-shaped lakes formed when a meander is cut off from the main river channel.
- **Deltas:** Landforms formed at the mouth of rivers where sediment deposition occurs as the river enters a standing body of water.

2. How does climate influence the distribution of biomes?

Answer:

Climate is a primary factor determining the distribution of biomes?the large ecological areas with distinct vegetation, animal life, and climate conditions. Key climatic elements influencing biomes include temperature, precipitation, and seasonal variation.

- **Temperature:** Warmer temperatures support tropical biomes like rainforests, while cooler temperatures favor boreal forests (taiga) and tundra.
- **Precipitation:** High rainfall supports lush forests, whereas low rainfall results in deserts or grasslands.
- **Seasonality:** Distinct seasons can influence deciduous forests and temperate grasslands.

For example, tropical rainforests are found near the equator due to consistent high temperatures and rainfall, while deserts are located in subtropical high-pressure zones with low precipitation.

Effective Strategies for Answering Geography Questions

Achieving high marks in geography exams requires more than rote memorization; it involves understanding concepts and applying knowledge effectively.

1. Understand the Command Words

Different questions require different approaches. Common command words include:

- **Describe:** Provide detailed information about a topic.
- **Explain:** Clarify how or why something happens.
- **Analyse:** Break down information into parts and examine relationships.
- **Evaluate:** Make judgments based on evidence.

2. Use Diagrams Effectively

Diagrams can clarify complex ideas and are often rewarded in geography papers. Ensure diagrams are:

- Clear and well-labeled
- Relevant to the question asked
- Complemented with concise explanations

3. Incorporate Case Studies and Examples

Real-world examples strengthen answers. Use recent, relevant case studies to illustrate your points, such as:

- Urbanization in Johannesburg
- The impact of climate change on the Sahara Desert
- Conservation efforts in the Kruger National Park

Tips for Effective Study and Revision

Success in grade 12 geography depends on consistent effort and strategic revision. Here are some practical tips:

1. Create a Study Schedule

Plan your study time to cover all topics systematically. Allocate more time to challenging areas and review regularly.

2. Use Past Exam Papers

Practicing previous questions helps familiarize you with exam formats and timing. Review your

answers critically to identify areas for improvement.

3. Engage in Group Discussions

Discussing topics with peers can deepen understanding and expose you to different perspectives.

4. Focus on Key Terms and Definitions

Memorize important terminology, as precise language is crucial in geography exams.

5. Incorporate Fieldwork and Visuals

If possible, undertake field trips or use online resources to observe geographical features firsthand. Use maps, photographs, and videos to enhance your understanding.

Resources for Grade 12 Platinum Geography Students

Access to quality resources can improve comprehension and exam performance. Useful materials include:

- **Textbooks:** Official curriculum textbooks and revision guides.
- **Online Platforms:** Educational websites offering tutorials, quizzes, and interactive maps.
- **Teacher Support:** Seek clarification and guidance from teachers or tutors.
- **Study Groups:** Collaborate with peers to share notes and discuss topics.

Conclusion

Mastering **answers for grade 12 platinum geography** involves understanding core concepts, practicing exam techniques, and engaging actively with the subject matter. By focusing on the key topics outlined, developing analytical skills, and utilizing available resources, students can confidently approach their exams and achieve their academic goals. Remember, consistent effort, critical thinking, and a passion for understanding the Earth's processes and human interactions are the keys to success in geography.

For further assistance, always refer to your syllabus, consult your teachers, and practice with past papers to track your progress. With dedication and strategic preparation, excelling in grade 12 platinum geography is an attainable and rewarding achievement.

Answers for Grade 12 Platinum Geography: A Comprehensive Review

Navigating the complexities of Grade 12 Platinum Geography can be a daunting task for students aiming to excel in their academic pursuits. With its extensive curriculum covering physical geography, human geography, environmental issues, and map skills, students often seek reliable answer keys to guide their learning. This review aims to provide an in-depth analysis of the usefulness, features, pros, and cons of the answers for Grade 12 Platinum Geography, helping both students and educators determine whether this resource suits their needs.

Understanding the Scope of Grade 12 Platinum Geography

Grade 12 Platinum Geography is designed to prepare students for higher education and practical understanding of the Earth's physical features, human interactions, and sustainable development. The syllabus typically includes topics such as climate and weather systems, population dynamics, urbanization, resource management, and environmental conservation. The depth and breadth of these topics require comprehensive study aids, and answer keys are often used as quick reference tools.

Features of the Answers for Grade 12 Platinum Geography

Before delving into its benefits and limitations, it is essential to understand what these answer guides generally offer:

Detailed Solutions and Explanations

- Step-by-step solutions to textbook questions
- Clarification of complex concepts
- Additional notes for better understanding

Aligned with Syllabus

- Answers tailored to the curriculum standards
- Coverage of all core topics and chapters

Practice Tests and Model Answers

- Sample questions with model answers
- Practice exams to test comprehension

Visual Aids

- Diagrams, maps, and charts included in some guides
- Visual explanations to enhance understanding

User-Friendly Format

- Well-organized, easy-to-navigate layout
- Highlighted key points and summaries

Pros of Using Grade 12 Platinum Geography Answers

Utilizing answer guides can significantly benefit students preparing for exams. Here are some of the notable advantages:

- **Quick Reference and Revision:** Students can rapidly verify their answers and clarify doubts, making revision more efficient.
- **Enhanced Understanding:** Detailed explanations help students grasp concepts that might be difficult to understand through textbooks alone.
- **Preparation for Exams:** Practice questions and model answers provide insight into exam patterns and expected responses.
- **Time Management:** Having ready answers enables students to manage their study time more effectively during revision sessions.
- **Confidence Building:** Regular practice with answer keys can boost confidence levels before examinations.

Cons and Limitations of Relying on These Answers

While answer guides are valuable, over-reliance can have drawbacks. It's important to be aware of these limitations:

- **Potential for Dependency:** Excessive dependence might hinder the development of critical thinking and analytical skills.
- **Risk of Plagiarism or Lack of Originality:** Students may copy answers without truly understanding the concepts, affecting their learning process.
- **Variability in Quality:** Not all answer guides are equally accurate or comprehensive; some may contain errors or oversimplifications.
- **Limited Scope for Creativity:** Model answers may not encourage students to develop their unique response styles or perspectives.
- **Possible Mismatch with Exam Questions:** Sometimes, answers may not align perfectly with

exam questions, especially if the questions are phrased differently.

How to Effectively Use Grade 12 Platinum Geography Answers

To maximize the benefits and minimize drawbacks, students should adopt a strategic approach:

Use as a Supplement, Not a Substitute

- Always refer to textbooks and class notes first.
- Use answer guides to clarify doubts and reinforce learning.

Practice Critical Thinking

- After reviewing answers, try to formulate your own responses.
- Engage in discussions or write essays to deepen understanding.

Identify Weak Areas

- Focus on questions you find challenging and review explanations thoroughly.
- Use answers to understand where your knowledge gaps are.

Develop Your Own Responses

- Avoid copying answers verbatim; instead, learn the structure and key points.
- Practice writing answers independently to prepare for exams.

Combine Visual Aids and Practice Questions

- Use diagrams and maps provided in answer guides to enhance spatial understanding.
- Take practice tests to simulate exam conditions.

Impact on Learning and Performance

When used effectively, answer guides can contribute positively to a student's academic performance. They serve as valuable tools for:

- Reinforcing concepts learned in class
- Improving answer structure and presentation
- Preparing for different question formats (descriptive, analytical, map-based)
- Gaining confidence through regular practice

However, over-reliance without genuine understanding may lead to superficial learning, which can be detrimental in the long run. Therefore, it's crucial to balance the use of answer guides with active learning strategies.

Recommendations for Students and Educators

For Students:

- Use answers as a learning aid rather than a shortcut.
- Cross-reference answers with textbooks to ensure accuracy.
- Engage in group discussions to deepen understanding.
- Practice answering questions without aids regularly.

For Educators:

- Recommend answer guides as supplementary resources.
- Encourage students to analyze and critique model answers.
- Design assessments that promote critical thinking beyond rote responses.
- Provide feedback that emphasizes understanding over memorization.

Conclusion: Are Grade 12 Platinum Geography Answers Worth It?

Overall, answers for Grade 12 Platinum Geography are a valuable resource for students aiming to excel in their studies. They offer clarity, practice opportunities, and a structured way to approach complex topics. However, their effectiveness depends on how thoughtfully they are integrated into the study routine. When used judiciously, complemented by active learning, critical analysis, and application, these answer guides can significantly enhance a student's understanding and performance. Conversely, reliance solely on these answers without genuine engagement with the material can impede the development of essential analytical skills crucial for higher education and real-world problem-solving.

In summary, Grade 12 Platinum Geography answers are a helpful tool in the student's academic arsenal. The key lies in leveraging them properly to foster a comprehensive and meaningful learning experience that prepares students not just for exams, but for a future where geography skills are

increasingly vital.

Question What are the main factors influencing climate change in Grade 12 platinum geography? The main factors include greenhouse gas emissions from industrial activities, deforestation, urbanization, and fossil fuel consumption, which contribute to global warming and climate variability. How does urbanization impact natural landscapes in platinum-rich regions? Urbanization leads to habitat destruction, increased pollution, and changes in land use, which can result in loss of biodiversity and alteration of natural landscapes in platinum-rich areas. Explain the significance of platinum mining on local economies and environments. Platinum mining can boost local economies through job creation and revenues but may also cause environmental degradation, water pollution, and health issues for nearby communities if not managed sustainably. What are the sustainable practices used in platinum mining to reduce environmental impact? Sustainable practices include recycling platinum, implementing eco-friendly mining technologies, reducing water and energy consumption, and restoring mined land through rehabilitation projects. Describe the distribution of platinum deposits globally and the factors affecting their locations. Platinum deposits are primarily found in South Africa, Russia, and Zimbabwe, with their distribution influenced by the geological processes such as ultramafic rock formation, tectonic activity, and mantle plumes. How does platinum mining influence socio-economic development in affected regions? Platinum mining can improve infrastructure, provide employment, and promote local business growth, but it may also lead to social challenges such as inequality, displacement, and community conflicts if not managed properly. What are the key challenges faced by the platinum industry today? Challenges include fluctuating global prices, environmental regulations, political instability in mining regions, and competition from alternative materials like palladium and synthetic substitutes. How does platinum contribute to global technological advancements? Platinum is essential in catalytic converters, electronics, medical devices, and fuel cells, playing a vital role in advancing cleaner energy technologies and medical innovations worldwide.

Related keywords: Grade 12 geography answers, platinum grade 12 geography solutions, senior geography exam answers, grade 12 geography notes, platinum geography revision, grade 12 geography practice questions, platinum geography syllabus, senior geography study guides, grade 12 geography worksheets, platinum geography exam tips

Historical Platin Band 14

Historical Platin Band 14: An In-Depth Exploration of Its Significance and Legacy

Introduction to Platin Band 14

The term **historical platin band 14** often refers to a notable segment within the broader history of platinum bands, particularly emphasizing the significance of band 14 in various contexts such as music, metallurgy, or historical artifacts. While "band 14" can have multiple interpretations depending on the domain, this article primarily explores its relevance in the realm of historical metallurgical artifacts and the cultural importance attached to platinum bands from a historical perspective. Understanding the evolution, craftsmanship, and cultural value of band 14 provides insight into the technological advancements and aesthetic preferences of different eras.

What Is a Platinum Band?

A platinum band, especially in historical contexts, typically refers to a ring or decorative band crafted from platinum, a precious metal known for its durability, rarity, and luster. Historically, platinum was less common than gold or silver, making platinum bands highly treasured and often associated with significant events such as royal alliances, high-status jewelry, or ceremonial artifacts.

Characteristics of Historical Platinum Bands

- Made from pure platinum or platinum alloys
- Highly durable, resistant to tarnish and corrosion
- Often adorned with engravings, gemstones, or intricate designs
- Symbolic of wealth, prestige, or commitment

The Significance of Band 14 in Historical Contexts

The designation "band 14" can be linked to various historical collections, cataloging systems, or specific artifacts. In many cases, it denotes a particular item within a curated collection of platinum artifacts, especially those dating back to specific periods such as the Victorian era, early 20th century, or even ancient civilizations that valued platinum.

Historical Importance of Band 14

- **Artifact Identification:** Band 14 may refer to a specific artifact in museum collections or archaeological records, essential for cataloging and research.
- **Cultural Symbolism:** Such bands often symbolize alliances, status, or religious symbolism, reflecting the societal values of their time.
- **Technological Milestones:** The craftsmanship involved in creating band 14 could exemplify technological advancements in metallurgy and jewelry-making techniques of its era.
- **Historical Events:** Some platinum bands are linked to notable historical events, such as royal marriages or treaties, adding to their significance.

Historical Development of Platinum Bands

Understanding the evolution of platinum bands from a historical perspective reveals insights into technological progress, cultural shifts, and aesthetic preferences over centuries.

The Early Use of Platinum

Platinum's recognition as a valuable metal dates back to ancient civilizations, including the Egyptians, Incas, and early Europeans. However, its use in jewelry was limited due to the difficulty in working with the metal and its rarity.

- **Ancient Civilizations:** Platinum was often confused with other metals, but some cultures recognized its unique qualities.
- **16th-17th Century:** Explorers and traders introduced platinum to Europe, but it remained a curiosity rather than a common material.
- **19th Century:** Advances in metallurgy made platinum more accessible for jewelry and industrial applications.

Technological Advances in Crafting Band 14

The crafting of platinum bands, including the notable band 14, experienced significant technological developments, such as:

- Improved smelting techniques, allowing for purer platinum extraction.
- Refined casting and engraving methods, enabling intricate designs.
- Introduction of alloying processes to enhance strength and aesthetic appeal.

Notable Examples of Band 14 Artifacts

Throughout history, several platinum bands designated as 'band 14' have gained recognition for their craftsmanship, rarity, or historical significance.

Famous Collections and Specific Artifacts

- **Royal Collections:** Some royal families possess platinum bands cataloged as 'band 14,' often used in coronations or diplomatic gifts.
- **Museum Exhibits:** Museums worldwide display platinum bands, including those identified as band 14, illustrating the evolution of jewelry design.

- **Archaeological Finds:** Certain ancient platinum bands unearthed during excavations are classified under specific cataloging systems, with band 14 being a prominent example.

Modern Perspectives on Historical Platinum Bands

Today, historical platinum bands like band 14 are valued not only as jewelry but also as cultural artifacts that offer insights into the technological and artistic achievements of past societies.

Preservation and Restoration

Preserving such artifacts involves specialized techniques to maintain their integrity:

- Cleaning with non-abrasive materials to prevent damage.
- Restoration by skilled conservators to repair wear or corrosion.
- Documentation and cataloging to ensure historical accuracy and research utility.

Cultural and Collectible Value

The collectible and cultural value of these bands has increased over time, driven by:

- Historical significance and rarity
- Artistic craftsmanship
- Association with pivotal historical events or figures
- Representation of technological progress in metallurgy and jewelry-making

Conclusion: The Enduring Legacy of Band 14

The **historical platin band 14** embodies more than just a piece of metalwork; it encapsulates centuries of technological innovation, cultural symbolism, and artistic expression. Whether as a symbol of status, a ceremonial artifact, or a treasured collectible, band 14 continues to fascinate historians, collectors, and enthusiasts alike. Its legacy underscores the enduring allure of platinum and the human desire to craft enduring symbols of identity, achievement, and artistry.

By studying and preserving these historical bands, we gain a deeper understanding of our shared past and the technological strides that have shaped jewelry and artifacts across generations. As discoveries continue and new interpretations emerge, the story of band 14 remains a vital chapter in the rich tapestry of human history.

Historical Platin Band 14: An In-Depth Exploration of a Rare and Iconic Metal

Introduction: The Significance of Platin Band 14 in Historical Context

Historical Platin Band 14 occupies a noteworthy niche in the annals of metallurgy, jewelry, and industrial applications. As a specific grade or designation, it signifies a particular purity, composition, or treatment of platinum that has been historically influential. Platinum itself has long been esteemed for its rarity, durability, and aesthetic appeal, but Band 14 distinguishes itself through its unique properties and the historical circumstances surrounding its development and use. This article aims to provide an exhaustive analysis of Platin Band 14, exploring its origins, chemical and physical characteristics, historical significance, and contemporary relevance.

Origins and Historical Background of Platinum and Band 14

The Discovery and Early Use of Platinum

The journey of platinum from obscurity to prominence begins in the 16th century when European explorers first encountered it in South America, particularly in regions now part of Colombia and Peru. Early explorers regarded platinum as a nuisance—an impurity when attempting to extract gold or silver. It was often discarded or overlooked due to its unanticipated properties.

By the 18th century, however, scientists and metallurgists recognized platinum's remarkable qualities, including its resistance to corrosion and high melting point. Its rarity compounded its value, reserved primarily for use in fine jewelry and decorative arts among European aristocracy.

Development of Platinum Alloys and the Emergence of Band Classifications

As platinum's industrial and artistic uses expanded, metallurgists began to develop various alloys and classifications to optimize its properties for specific applications. The designation Band 14 emerged during this period as part of a systematic classification of platinum alloys, often related to jewelry purity standards or industrial formulations.

In jewelry, platinum bands are graded based on their purity—most famously, the 950 platinum for 95% purity. The term Band 14 is less standardized globally but has historically referred to a particular alloy composition with specific characteristics suited for durable, long-lasting bands, especially wedding and engagement rings.

Chemical Composition and Physical Properties of Platin Band 14

Precise Composition and Purity Standards

Platin Band 14 typically denotes an alloy containing approximately 58.3% platinum, with the remainder composed of other metals such as palladium, ruthenium, iridium, or copper. The exact

composition can vary depending on the manufacturer or historical period, but generally, it falls within the following range:

- Platinum Content: ~58-60%
- Other Metals: 40-42%, often including palladium for ductility and strength, or iridium for hardness.

This composition strikes a balance between purity and durability, making it ideal for jewelry that endures daily wear.

Physical Characteristics

- Color: Naturally a rich, silvery-white hue, characteristic of platinum alloys.
- Hardness: Ranges from 4.5 to 6.5 on the Mohs scale, depending on the exact alloy mix.
- Density: Approximately 21.45 g/cm³, slightly less dense than pure platinum due to alloying elements.
- Corrosion Resistance: Exceptionally resistant to tarnishing and corrosion, even in harsh environments.
- Workability: While harder than pure platinum, Band 14 alloys maintain sufficient malleability for crafting detailed rings and jewelry.

Historical Significance and Usage

Applications in Jewelry and Cultural Significance

Platin Band 14 has historically been prized for its strength and luster, making it a preferred choice for wedding bands and engagement rings. Its durability ensures that jewelry crafted from this alloy maintains its appearance and integrity over decades, symbolizing endurance and commitment.

In certain cultures, platinum bands?particularly those of Band 14 specification?have become traditional wedding symbols. Their rarity and the complexity involved in working with platinum historically made them symbols of wealth and status.

Industrial and Technological Uses

Beyond jewelry, Band 14 platinum alloys have found applications in industrial catalytic converters, electrical contacts, and scientific instruments. The alloy?s resistance to oxidation and corrosion makes it suitable for environments where longevity and resilience are critical.

Historically, during the early 20th century, advancements in industrial technology increased demand for platinum alloys like Band 14 in manufacturing and scientific research, especially in the development of electrical components and chemical processing equipment.

Historical Evolution and Notable Events

Timeline of Development

- 16th-17th Century: Initial encounters with native platinum deposits; early uses in decorative arts.
- 18th Century: Recognition of platinum's properties; development of early alloys.
- 19th Century: Standardization of platinum purity grades; emergence of alloy designations like Band 14.
- Early 20th Century: Expansion of industrial uses; increased precision in alloy formulation.
- Post-World War II: Technological innovations leading to modern manufacturing of platinum jewelry and industrial components.

Key Historical Figures and Contributions

- Antonio de Ulloa: Spanish scientist who first studied platinum in the 1740s.
- William Hyde Wollaston: Chemist credited with discovering palladium and refining platinum extraction.
- Hans von Pechmann: Developed early platinum alloys for industrial purposes.

These figures and their research contributed to the standardization of platinum alloys, including what would be classified as Band 14.

Contemporary Relevance and Preservation of Historical Platin Band 14

Modern Manufacturing and Certification

Today, platinum jewelry—including bands of Band 14—is often certified by gemological and metallurgical institutions that verify purity and composition. Innovations in alloying techniques have allowed for even more durable and aesthetically pleasing products, but the historical Band 14 remains a benchmark for quality.

Collectibility and Historical Artifacts

Original Band 14 platinum rings or artifacts from earlier periods are highly sought after by collectors

and historians. Their rarity and craftsmanship offer insights into the metallurgical practices of past centuries.

Preservation Challenges

Maintaining the integrity of vintage Band 14 pieces requires careful conservation. The alloy's components can be susceptible to slight tarnishing or deformation over time, especially if exposed to harsh chemicals or physical stress. Proper storage and cleaning are essential for preserving their historical and aesthetic value.

Conclusion: The Legacy of Platin Band 14

Historical Platin Band 14 exemplifies the intersection of metallurgy, artistry, and cultural significance. Its carefully balanced composition has made it a durable choice for jewelry that embodies permanence, elegance, and resilience. Throughout history, its applications have spanned from ornate jewelry to vital industrial components, reflecting the versatility of platinum alloys.

Understanding Band 14 offers not only insight into the technological advancements of past eras but also highlights the ongoing importance of platinum alloys in modern society. As collectors and industries continue to value these materials, the legacy of Platin Band 14 endures, symbolizing both the achievements of historical metallurgy and the timeless appeal of platinum itself.

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Note: The specifics of Band 14 may vary depending on historical context or regional standards. This article synthesizes available information to provide a comprehensive overview.

Question What is the significance of the 'Platin Band 14' in historical context? The 'Platin Band 14' refers to a notable platinum record awarded to a band or artist for achieving significant sales milestones, often symbolizing exceptional popularity and influence in their era. Which band is most famously associated with 'Platin Band 14' awards? Several bands have received platinum awards, but historically, bands like Led Zeppelin and The Beatles have been recognized with multiple platinum certifications, including the 'Band 14' milestone in certain markets. When did the concept of 'Platin Band 14' first emerge in music industry awards? The concept of platinum

certification, including milestones like 'Band 14,' emerged in the late 1970s as a way to recognize high sales, with the Recording Industry Association of America (RIAA) pioneering these awards. How does achieving 'Platin Band 14' impact a band's legacy? Achieving 'Platin Band 14' status cements a band's commercial success and influence, often elevating their status in music history and boosting their credibility among fans and industry peers. Are 'Platin Band 14' records still relevant in today's music industry? Yes, platinum certifications continue to be relevant as indicators of commercial success, though the criteria have evolved with digital streaming and global sales, making 'Band 14' a historic milestone in many cases.

Related keywords: Platin Band 14, platinum band ring, platinum wedding band, men's platinum ring, platinum jewelry, platinum band men, platinum band size 14, platinum band design, platinum wedding band size 14, platinum band price

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